PAEDIATRIC SURGICAL AIRWAY



INDICATION: <u>CANNOT OXYGENATE VIA FACEMASK, IGEL, OR TRACHEAL TUBE</u> CONSIDER FOREIGN BODY AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION

>>> GO

LIGHT SI

SUCTION

SCALPEL

RETRACTORS

TUBE

ETCO2

BVM



IRIS SCISSORS









IF FOREIGN BODY OBSTRUCTION CONSIDER OTHER MANOEUVRES PRIOR TO CUTTING NECK-SEE OVERLEAF >>>

- 2 IDENTIFY MIDLINE

 Marker pen to nose, chin, sternal notch, xiphisternum



3 VERTICAL SKIN INCISION

Stabilise larynx with non-dominant hand

Avoid lower quarter of neck. Stay in midline



4 ASSISTANT RETRACTS WOUND LATERALLY Maintain good LIGHT, SUCTION, RETRACTION



5 CUT DOWN TO TRACHEA

Keep retracting lateral structures
to keep strap muscles / vessels away

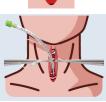


6 CUT 1-2 ANTERIOR TRACHEAL RINGS VERTICALLY
To allow space for tube



INSERT BOUGIE THEN TRACHEAL TUBE

Not too far: cuff just inside. Inflate cuff



8 VENTILATE & CHECK ETCO2



- POST-PROCEDURE CARE
 - 🖊 Ketamine / Rocuronium
 - Secure tube Don't let go!
 - Consider stay sutures
 - Control bleeding with gauze pressure

PAEDIATRIC FOREIGN BODY AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION

IF STABLE, ALERT, MAINTAINING SpO2



- ENCOURAGE COUGH
- SENIOR ED/ANAES/ENT HELP
- CONSIDER IMAGING
- FB REMOVAL IN THEATRE

DETERIORATING,
UNABLE TO MAINTAIN
SpO2, UNSTABLE,
INEFFECTIVE COUGH



- SENIOR ED/ANAES/ENT HELP
- BACK BLOWS / CHEST THRUSTS
- IF TOO UNSTABLE / HYPOXIC TO MOVE TO THEATRE THEN CONSIDER OPTIONS BELOW:

LARYNGOSCOPY, REMOVE VISIBLE FB WITH MAGILLS may need ketamine sedation

IF NO VISIBLE FB THEN INTUBATE AND TRY TO VENTILATE

IF UNABLE TO VENTILATE VIA ETT (<u>CAN</u> INTUBATE CAN'T VENTILATE)
THEN **CONSIDER** FOLLOWING OPTIONS:

USE ETT AS SUCTION CATHETER USING MECONIUM ASPIRATOR TO REMOVE FB BY WITHDRAWING ETT use Microcuff tube with NO Murphy's eye



ADVANCE ETT INTO MAIN BRONCHUS THEN BRING BACK TO TRACHEA
AND VENTILATE ONE LUNG

PUSH BOUGIE THROUGH ETT TO BREAK UP FB (IF eg. VEGETABLE MATTER)

DO NOT DELAY SURGICALLY
INEVITABLE AIRWAY
<< SEE OVERLEAF

PAEDIATRIC SURGICAL AIRWAY

